Module 1: An Overview of United Nations Peacekeeping Operations

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How Peacekeeping Operations Work



Relevance

Understand the way a UN peacekeeping mission works:

- Must work together well
- Unique, complex nature
- Distinct management systems, command and control structures



Learning Outcomes

Learners will:

- Explain "operational authority" in UN peacekeeping
- List four main positions of authority in a mission
- Describe support and substantive components, and relation to mandate beneficiaries
- Describe work of integrated and joint structures



Lesson Overview

- 1. Authority, Command & Control
- 2. Overview of a Generic UN Peacekeeping Mission Structure
- 3. Main Positions of Authority
- 4. Management Structures
- 5. Substantive Components
- 6. Support Components
- 7. Joint & Integrated Structures



Importance of Authority

Instructions:

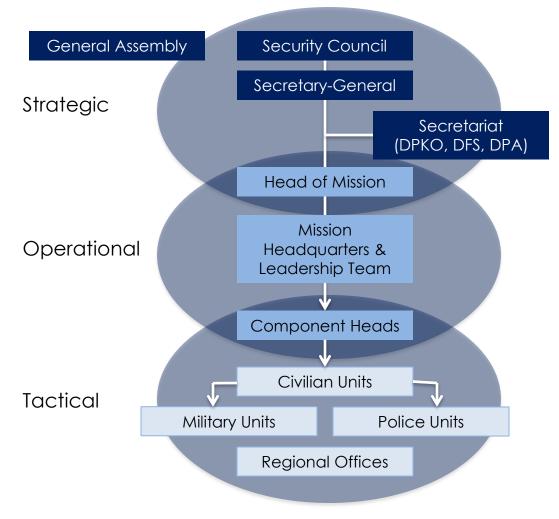
- What does it mean to have "authority"?
- Give examples in everyday life and at work
- List the challenges as a result of no clear lines of authority

Time: 5 minutes

- Brainstorming: 3 minutes
- Discussion: 2 minutes



1. Authority, Command & Control





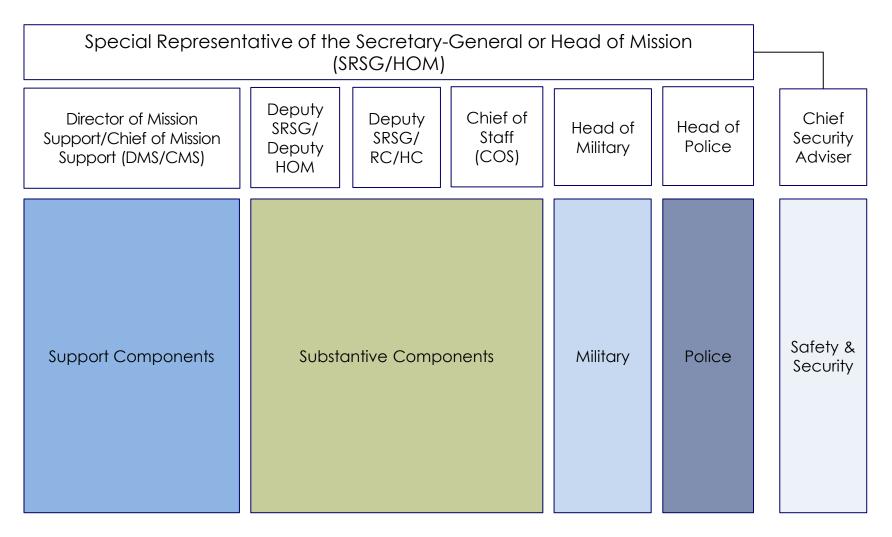
UN Operational Authority

- UN "operational authority" over ALL personnel in UN peacekeeping operations (UNPKOs) – including military and police
- Member States not permitted to adjust or influence any tactical plans, decisions or operations



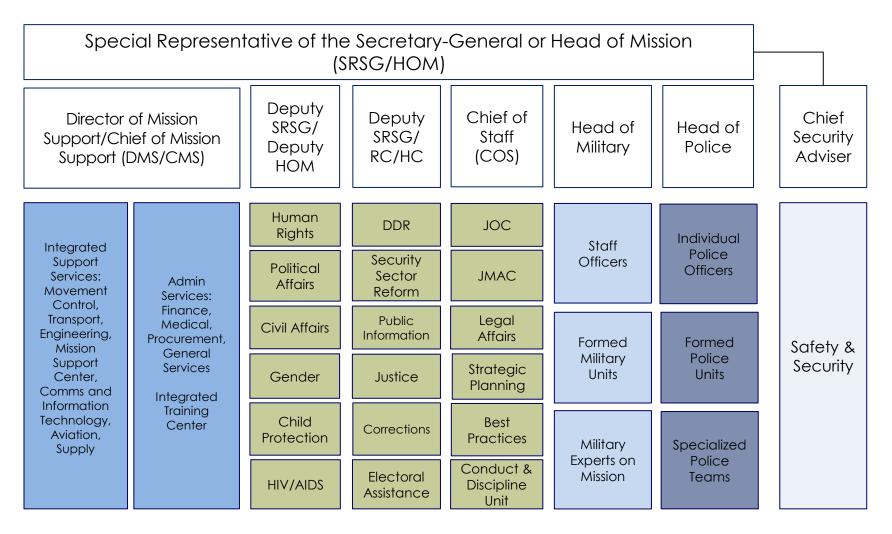


2. Overview of a Generic UN Peacekeeping Mission Structure



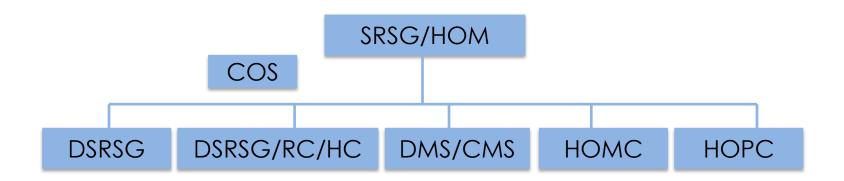


2. Overview of a Generic UN Peacekeeping Mission Structure





3. Main Positions of Authority





Special Representative of the Secretary-General/Head of Mission (SRSG/HOM)

- Exercises "operational authority" over ALL personnel in UNPKO
- Responsible for strategic vision and guidance

Deputy Special Representative of the Secretary-General (DSRSG)

- Delegated management aspects
- Two DSRSGs in multidimensional UNPKOs
- Principal DSRSG: political, operational and/or rule of law aspects
- Second DSRSG: Resident Coordinator (RC) leading UNCT – may be triple-hatted as Humanitarian Coordinator (DSRSG/RC/HC)





Chief of Staff (COS)

 Senior level staff and advisory function for SRSG/HOM and senior management of mission



Director/Chief of Mission Support (DMS/CMS)

 Ensures provision of the necessary logistics and administrative support to mission



Other Positions of Authority

Head of Military Component (HOMC)

- Exercises "UN Operational Control"
- May delegate "UN Tactical Control" of military personnel to subordinate military commanders
- May also be HOM in traditional missions

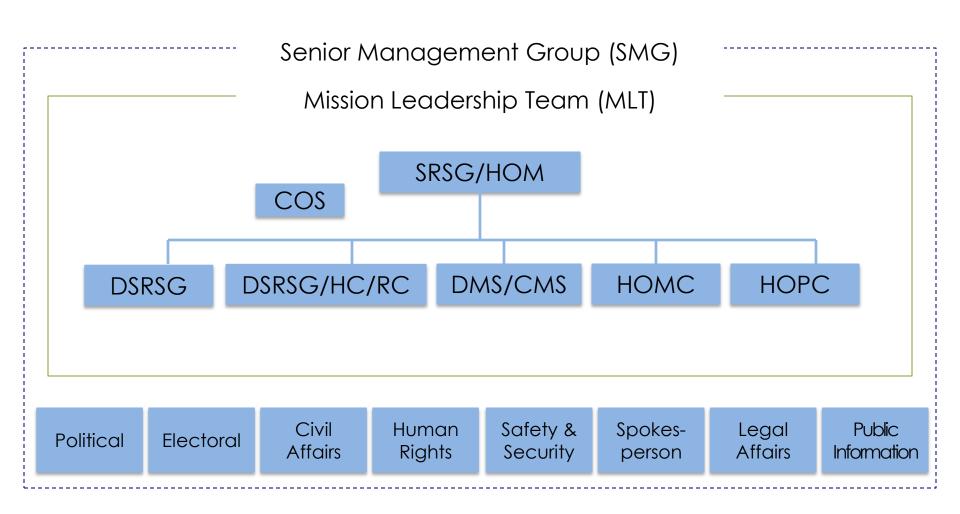
Head of Police Component (HOPC)

- Exercises "UN Operational Control"
- May delegate specific authority for individual officers and FPUs to subordinate police officers
- Normally appointed as the mission Police Commissioner

SRSG/HOM



4. Management Structures





Command and Control

Instructions:

- Consider the scenarios in a mission
- How would "authority, command and control" contribute to success?

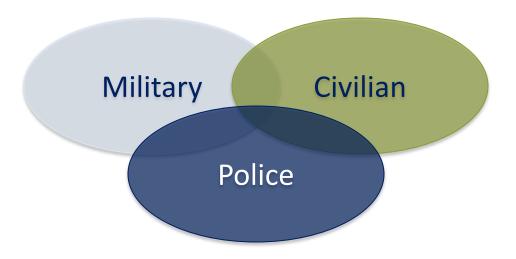
Time: 10 minutes

- Group work: 5-7 minutes
- Discussion: 3 minutes



5. Substantive Components

- Substantive work of UNPKO involves "essential" tasks outlined in mandate
- Tasks carried out by UN military, police, civilian personnel or "components"





6. Support Components

- Necessary logistics and administrative support to the mission
- Combines military and civilian services





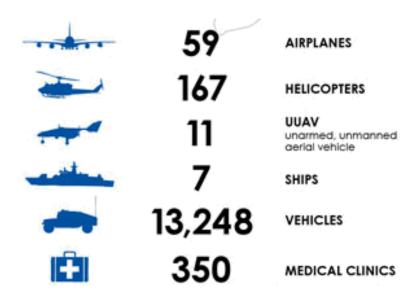
7. Joint & Integrated Structures

- Integrated Support Services (ISS)
- Mission Support Centre (MSC)
- Joint Operations Centre (JOC)
- Joint Mission Analysis Centre (JMAC)
- Integrated Mission Training Centre (IMTC)



Integrated Support Services (ISS)

 Provides logistics support to all mission components

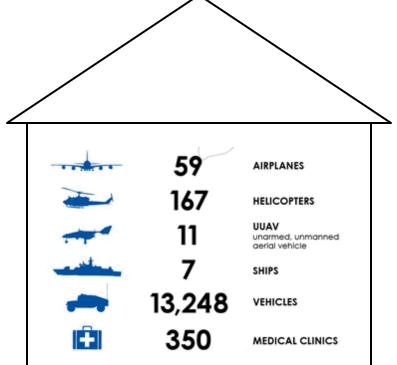




Mission Support Centre (MSC)

 Provides all mission components, other UN and non-UN entities with a single point of coordination for logistics support in the mission

area



Joint Operations Centre (JOC) & Joint Mission Analysis Centre (JMAC)

- Both support integration of information
- JOC: consolidates information from across the mission and UNCT
- JMAC: analyses and anticipates threats, risks and patterns of incidents based on information



Absorbing the Acronyms

Instructions:

- Consider the different acronyms
- Decide what each acronym stands for
- Decide what each acronym does

Time: 10 minutes

- Group work: 5-7 minutes
- Discussion: 3 minutes



Summary of Key Messages

- UN "Operational authority" over ALL personnel including tactical plans, decisions, operations
- Positions of authority SRSG/HOM, DSRSG, COS, DMS/CMS, HOMC, HOPC
- Support and substantive components implement the mandate, benefits host country
- Integrated/joint structures ISS, MSC, JOC, JMAC



Questions



Learning Activity

Learning Evaluation